

2022-23 Community-wide Goal:

IST community members recognize that we are all learners and understand the importance of enthusiastically sustaining our love of learning throughout our lives. We nurture curiosity across the diverse domains of human knowledge and experience, developing and fine-tuning skills for inquiry and research, and celebrating all kinds of learning success. We think for ourselves but also understand the importance of working together in teams.

Dear Parents

The final weeks of a school year always bring about mixed feelings. On the one hand everyone is incredibly busy dealing with end of year events and activities and looking forward to a well-earned summer holiday. On the other, it is the time of year when we begin to prepare ourselves for the emotions that accompany departures –both of students and their families, and of staff– and the realization and sadness that our time together at IST and in Tianjin is coming to an end. At this time, we do sometimes see that some students find it easier to face the pending separation and justifying their departure by finding reasons to criticize the school and beginning to withdraw from long-held friendships and social groups, feeling that they will be losing their friends anyway. This can obviously be quite upsetting for the departing and remaining students alike!

A number of parents attended this week's departing families meeting, at which time the principals addressed some of these tendencies and coping mechanisms, and providing some advice on how to manage emotions at this difficult time. If you feel that your children really are struggling with your upcoming departure, or the departure of a close friend, please do let us know and we can make an appointment to meet with one of our school counsellors.

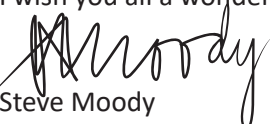
Yesterday marked the final day of Grade 12's IB Diploma Examinations, and they have now essentially completed their Secondary schooling! On behalf of our entire community, I extend congratulations to our Seniors (and their justly proud parents!) on the completion of their exams and studies, and for their incredibly hard work over the past two years and more. The final stage in their journey is Graduation! **Please do feel free to join us at 4PM on Friday 2 June for the Graduation of the Class of 2023!**

We have noticed quite a lot of students have been staying home sick with cold symptoms over the past week or two, not to mention a few coming into school! **We are obviously experiencing outbreaks of seasonal influenzas and colds at this time, and possibly another outbreak of Covid**, and while we do not anticipate the mass illnesses experienced over the Winter Holiday, it does nevertheless remain important for us all to be vigilant in working together to keep our community safe. If your child is exhibiting any symptoms whatsoever, please keep them at home until they feel better and are symptom free. If they present with symptoms at school and it is determined that they have Covid, they will need to remain at home for seven days to prevent further spread. The safest and best solution to avoid this is to keep sick children at home. I have requested this of our staff too! Thank you for your support.

A note that **today marks the end of our third season of Co-Curricular Activities (CCAs)**, so all children should be returning home immediately after school from next week. A reminder also to those elementary families taking advantage of the two weeks of summer activities (12-16 June and 24-28 July) that the elementary office will be in touch with further details about the activities over the coming week or so. If you didn't register, and would like to, you still can!

Finally, I would like to thank our wonderful parent community, in advance, for putting on a **Staff Appreciation Lunch** for us all next Wednesday. This is an incredibly thoughtful and generous gesture, and we are all very appreciative – THANK YOU! I do also hope to see as many of you as possible in attendance at **the final PFO meeting for the year, also next Wednesday (9:00)**.

I wish you all a wonderful weekend!

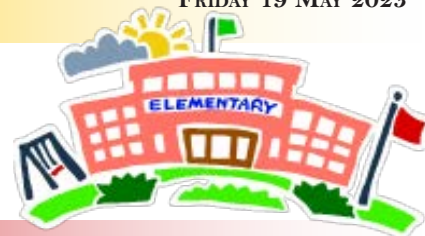

Steve Moody
Director



T H E

BLAZE

FRIDAY 19 MAY 2023



W E E K L Y

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**SPOTLIGHT
ON
BROADWAY**

ELEMENTARY SPRING SHOW

31 MAY

6:30 PM



Dear parents,

The Elementary Spring Show, Spotlight on Broadway is coming soon, on Wednesday May31st, starting at 6:30pm. We are glad to invite you to join the exiting event where you and your child/ren can come to the show. To ensure everyone can attend, IST has arranged school buses for your convenience. Or, of course you can come to school by your own arrangement. Please see the Spring Show school bus schedule below.

BUS 1 & 2 & 3 PICK UP	
Time/Location	Time/Location
5:00 P.M Ao Cheng	5:50 P.M IST
BUS 1 & 2 & 3 DROP OFF	
7:45 P.M IST	8:15 P.M Ao Cheng

BUS 4 PICK UP		
Time/Location	Time/Location	Time/Location
5:00 P.M Garden Villa (side gate)	5:08 P.M Frasers	5:50 P.M IST
DROP OFF		
7:45 P.M IST	8:15 P.M Frasers	8:22 P.M Garden Villa (side gate)

BUS 5 PICK UP			
Time/Location	Time/Location	Time/Location	Time/Location
5:20 P.M Haiyi Changzhou	5:25 P.M Crystal City	5:30 P.M Lake Park	5:50 P.M IST
DROP OFF			
7:45 P.M IST	8:00 P.M Lake Park	8:05 Crystal City	8:10 P.M Haiyi Changzhou

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IST Library & Information Literacy Center

Our Mission

The IST Library is a friendly place where our community is inspired and challenged to think critically, read widely, act ethically, value creativity, and defend the right to access information.

Library End-of-Year Dates

As the end of the school year quick approaches, please keep these library dates in mind:

Library Dates

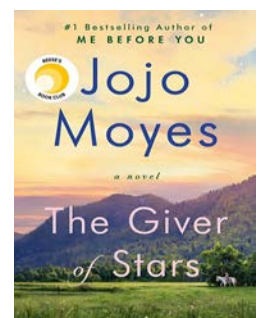
- May 19: last day to borrow library books
- May 26: All library books returned
- May 29–June 2: no borrowing books
- June 5–9: summer book borrowing



If your family will be staying in China for all or some of the summer holiday, we encourage you to take advantage of our **summer book checkout**. Students who wish to check out books over the summer must return a signed permission slip; these will go home later this month. Students who return a signed permission slip will be allowed to check out up to 20 library books over the summer holiday.

Parent Book Club – May 23 @8:30 in the library

We will be discussing our next novel, *The Giver of Stars* by Jojo Moyes, on May 23rd at 8:30 in the library. The library has copies of the book in English, Chinese and Korean. A digital copy in English or Chinese is available upon request. All interested parents are welcome to join us for a book discussion, coffee, and treats, even if you haven't had a chance to read the book. Contact one of our library staff to join our WeChat group.





[문서 제목]

For Russians, Ruble or cryptocurrencies?

Since the Russian invasion of Ukraine started, the European Union, United Kingdom, and United States of America started to put economic sanctions – a threatened penalty for disobeying a law or rule – on trades of various goods with Russia including military goods, flights, luxury goods, oil and gas. Moreover, they also sanctioned the Oligarchs, the wealthy Russian business leaders, by freezing their foreign assets in the hope that they could put pressures on Putin to stop the invasion. As the result of these hard sanctions, the Russian Ruble depreciated by 29% in the late February. ¹

What is depreciation and cryptocurrency?

Depreciation refers to the decrease in the value of a currency relative to other currencies. For example, a depreciation of Ruble means that the currency lost 29% of its purchasing power in the international market – the market where almost every nation relies its supply chains on. In response, many Russians started to see cryptocurrency as a safer alternative for the Ruble.

This is what the economists call the safe haven effect. Safe haven is a type of asset whose value stays constant or increases during market turbulences. For example, due to the uncertainty caused by the Russian invasion of Ukraine, many investors have turned to the assets like gold and U.S. government bonds which are unlikely to lose their values, in the fear that other financial assets would experience huge fluctuations. But anyways, what on earth is cryptocurrency and why are we seeing the safe haven effect in this volatile and speculative asset?

Cryptocurrency, or crypto, is a digital or virtual currency that serves as a medium of exchange through a computer network that is independent of governments or banks. In other words, it's a form of digital asset based on a network that is shared across a massive number of computers.

One of the noticeable aspects of cryptocurrency is that it is not dependent on any central issuing or regulating authority such as governments and banks. So, we call this structure “Decentralized structure”, which is reliant on the broad computer network system – blockchain technology. This structure allows cryptocurrency to function without any control or interference from the central authorities.

Cryptocurrency can be purchased from cryptocurrency exchanges². However, not all e-commerce websites allow purchases via cryptocurrencies. Actually, cryptocurrencies, even the most favored ones like Bitcoin, are hardly used for retail transactions. Yet, despite this fact, skyrocketing value of cryptocurrencies has made them popular as trading device. Also, to a limited extent, they are used for cross-border transfers.

¹ <https://www.coindesk.com/layer2/2022/09/19/why-russia-isnt-relying-on-crypto-to-evade-sanctions/>

² <https://www.reuters.com/business/finance/russia-could-legalise-cryptocurrencies-means-payment-industry-minister-2022-05-18/>



By Jae Jeong and Aiden

Depreciation of Sri Lankan Rupee

The tourism industry, which represents over 10% of the country's Gross Domestic Product and brings in foreign exchange, has been hit hard by the coronavirus pandemic. As a result, forex reserves have dropped from over \$7.5 billion in 2019 to around \$2.8 billion in July this year. With the supply of foreign exchange drying up, the amount of money that Sri Lankans have had to shell out to purchase the foreign exchange necessary to import goods has risen. So, the value of the Sri Lankan rupee has depreciated by around 8% so far this year. It has to be noted that the country depends heavily on imports to meet even its basic food supplies. Thus, the price of food items has risen in tandem with the depreciating¹ rupee.

The government's ban on the use of chemical fertilizers in farming has further aggravated the crisis by dampening agricultural production. Earlier this year, Mr. Rajapaksa made public his plan to make Sri Lanka the first country in the world with an agriculture sector that is 100% organic. Many, such as Sri Lankan tea expert Herman Gunaratne, believe that the forced push towards organic farming could halve the production of tea and other crops and lead to a food crisis that is even worse than the current one.

The Sri Lankan government has blamed speculators for causing the rise in food prices by hoarding essential supplies and has declared an economic emergency under the Public Security Ordinance. The army has been tasked with the duty of seizing food supplies from traders and supplying them to consumers at fair prices. It has also been given the powers to ensure that forex reserves are used only for the purchase of essential goods. The government has refused to end its aggressive push for complete organic farming claiming that the short-term pain of going organic will be compensated by its long-term benefits. It has also promised to supply farmers with organic fertilizers as an alternative. Further, Sri Lanka's central bank earlier this year prohibited traders from exchanging more than 200 Sri Lankan rupees for an American dollar and stopped traders from entering into forward currency contracts.

Mr. Rajapaksa's drive to make Sri Lankan agriculture fully organic is likely to lead to a significant drop in domestic food production and cause a further rise in prices. Also, the various steps taken by the government to tackle the crisis may actually make things worse. The capping of food prices, for instance, can lead to severe shortages as demand exceeds supply at the price fixed by the government. People have already had to queue up to buy essential goods due to rising shortages.

The strong-arm tactics of the army can also have unintended consequences. When supplies are seized from traders, there is lesser incentive for them to bring in fresh supplies to the market. This can lead to a further drop in supplies and even higher prices for essential goods. It is also worth noting that speculative traders help contain price volatility by allocating scarce supplies rationally across time. So, to the extent the army's actions discourage speculation, it can lead to greater volatility in food prices. Further, the decision of the Sri Lankan central bank to ban forward contracts and the spot trading of rupees at above 200 rupees to an American dollar may affect essential supplies. For example, a rice trader who wants to pay more than 200 rupees for an American dollar to import rice may no longer be able to carry out the trade. In fact, trading of currency in the spot market has dried up since the central bank's order. Also, without forward contracts, which helps traders offload the risk of currency volatility onto professional speculators, many traders may be unwilling to import essential supplies.

¹ <https://www.cbsl.gov.lk/en/node/3095>



[문서 제목]

Russian economy revisited

It has been 4 months, 3 weeks and 1 day since Russia invaded Ukraine. Meanwhile, the EU, UK and US imposed collective economic sanctions to nudge Vladimir Putin towards stopping the invasion. However, at this point, the collective sanctions are not all promising and their loopholes enabled Russian economy to do better than expected in some parts: while Russia defaulted, the value of ruble has quickly recovered. In this article, we will find out how the Russian economy is doing in terms of the effectiveness of sanctions and the result of domestic policy¹.

Sanctions against Russia since the beginning of the war could largely be distinguished into three categories: financial measures, commodities trade inhibition and sanctions on individuals. First, financial and banking sanctions had denied Russian access to its billions of foreign reserves which made it difficult for Russia to pay off its debt. As the result, on July 27th, Russia defaulted, meaning that it had failed to service the debt (making the required interest repayments).

Yet, despite its loss of access to global investors, loopholes in the sanctions still allowed for Russia to maintain its economic strengths. In particular, the price oil and gas has sharply risen following the Russo-Ukrainian War which enabled Russia to gain an edge in international trade. The key to Russian oil exports' maintenance of profitability was the price elasticity of demand. Price elasticity of demand refers to the responsiveness of quantity demanded of a good or service to changes in price. Oil and gas are necessities for production of goods and services, which makes their price elasticity of demand to be very inelastic, that is, rise in their price leads to proportionally less fall in their quantity demanded. Since oil and gas had a very inelastic price elasticity of demand, the rise in price of Russian gas and oil led to increase in its export revenue from energy.

Also, the sanctions on oligarchs, the Russian financial giants with massive foreign assets had been proven ineffective. The rationale behind sanctions on oligarchs was that when their foreign assets are frozen, they will pressure President Putin to stop the invasion of Ukraine. Nevertheless, as played out, it was unlikely that the apolitical oligarchs whose agreement with Mr. Putin was to not participate in politics, would force him to stop the war. So far, it seems like the sanctions against Russia only succeeded to a limited extent in what they were intended to do. Now it's time to look at what President Putin had been doing domestically with its currency, and whether it worked or not.

As of February 2022, the value of Russian ruble dropped by 29%, and President Biden mocked that “²As a result of these unprecedented sanctions, the ruble almost is immediately reduced to rubble.” However, unlike what Mr. Biden had hoped in February, ruble did not ultimately turn into rubble. In fact, the value of ruble has not been this high since 2015. What made this possible was Russia's domestic economic policy called capital control.

Capital control is the regulation of capital across national border to prevent the volatility in the value of currency. Interestingly, both sides of the Russo-Ukrainian War utilized capital control to protect their currencies. In Ukraine, most people were prohibited from converting hryvnia (Ukrainian currency) into others. Similarly, in Russia³, central bank prevented the exchange of national currency and the exchange of Russian stocks by foreign investors. Moreover, Russia's national corporations overseas were forced to convert revenue into ruble, further helping the appreciation of ruble. As the result of the restrictive policy, ruble made the world's best performing currency of March.

Well, does it mean that capital control is a flawless policy without any cost? As a rule, any economic policy has pros and cons, and the evaluation of their effects is rather complicated. The capital control of ruble is no exception to this rule. Though the ruble attained all the lost values since the Russian invasion of Ukraine, capital control has made Russian economy more and more isolated. By the end of June, Russia's auto-production backed by 97% due to its loss of access to materials to run the production. Also, the super strong currency is hurting the domestic economy as well. The taxes are paid in rubles, which means that fewer tax revenue will be earned.

Can the consequences of economic sanctions and the super strong ruble cause an economic meltdown and force Russia to stop the invasion? This type of questions remains unanswerable at this point. Only time goes by, we will be able to know how the capital control will affect the war and whether the transatlantic economic sanctions will achieve their intended goals.

¹ <https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2022/07/russia-ruble-economy-resilience-sanctions/>

² <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2022/03/26/remarks-by-president-biden-on-the-united-efforts-of-the-free-world-to-support-the-people-of-ukraine/>

³ <https://edition.cnn.com/2022/02/28/business/russia-ruble-banks-sanctions/index.html>

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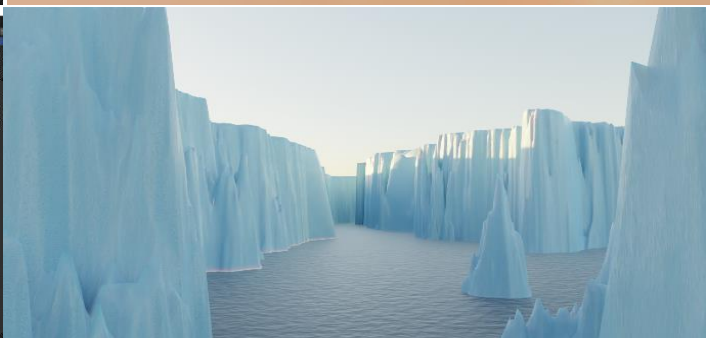
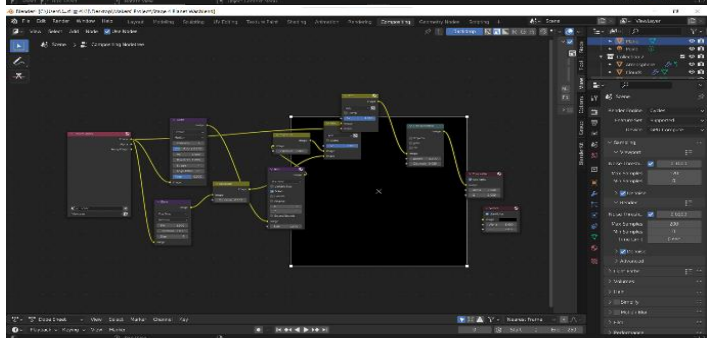
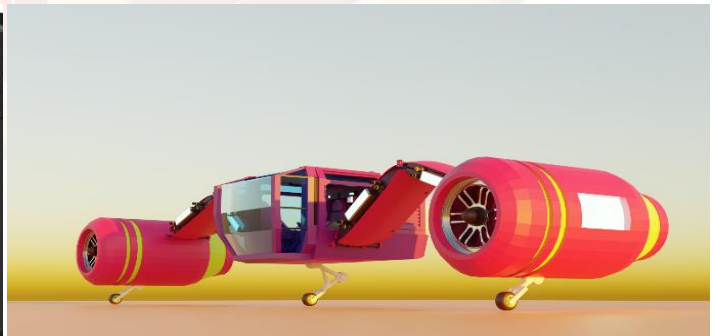
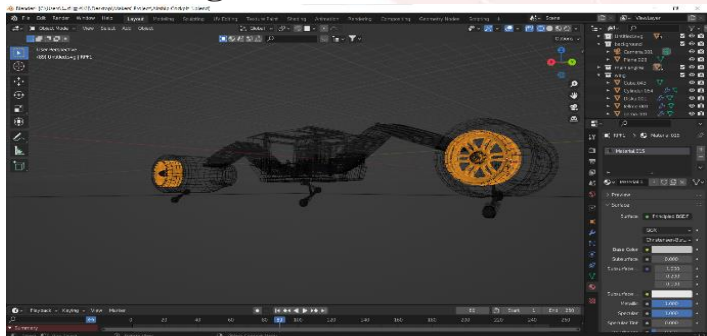
Makers' Project: Creating an Arcade Game in Unity.

We (Ji Hoon and Hyun Seung) decided to start a project that would be both challenging and enjoyable: it was called 'Makers' Project'. Our goal was to create a simple arcade game using a software called 'Unity'. Even though this project was eventually considered as CAS Project, a requirement for the IB Diploma students, the genuine interest and enthusiasm in the field of computer science and engineering was what pushed us forward.

Planning

During the planning stage, we had to finish all the research and learn the basic knowledge about developing a game. We had to learn how to code for the game to operate, digital drawing for the visuals, sound recording for all the sound in the game, and about the software to integrate everything into one piece. Not only did we have to learn a lot of areas about building a game, but the depth of each individual area had to be very professional. We were very worried before the actual building of the game, because we were unsure about everything. We quickly realized that it is always impossible to make a perfect plan, but instead we decided to further develop and modify our plan during the process. Ji Hoon decided to take online courses about 3D modeling and CAD programs and Hyun Seung took courses about programming using C# code. Additionally, we had weekly meeting schedules to check our progress. Such planning and initiative allowed us to keep focus on the main goal.

3D Modelling – Ji Hoon Kim



I started making 3d models of spaceships and environments using Blender. Default cubes were turned into spaceships through cutting and scaling function, while mirroring and arraying models reduced work time. When making an environment, it is impossible to create each object in detail, because of this, I mainly used geometry nodes functioning as a code for random or regular generation of a certain pattern of model procedurally. Lastly, stable diffusion AI was utilized to automatically colorize the maps and textures in the rendering process.

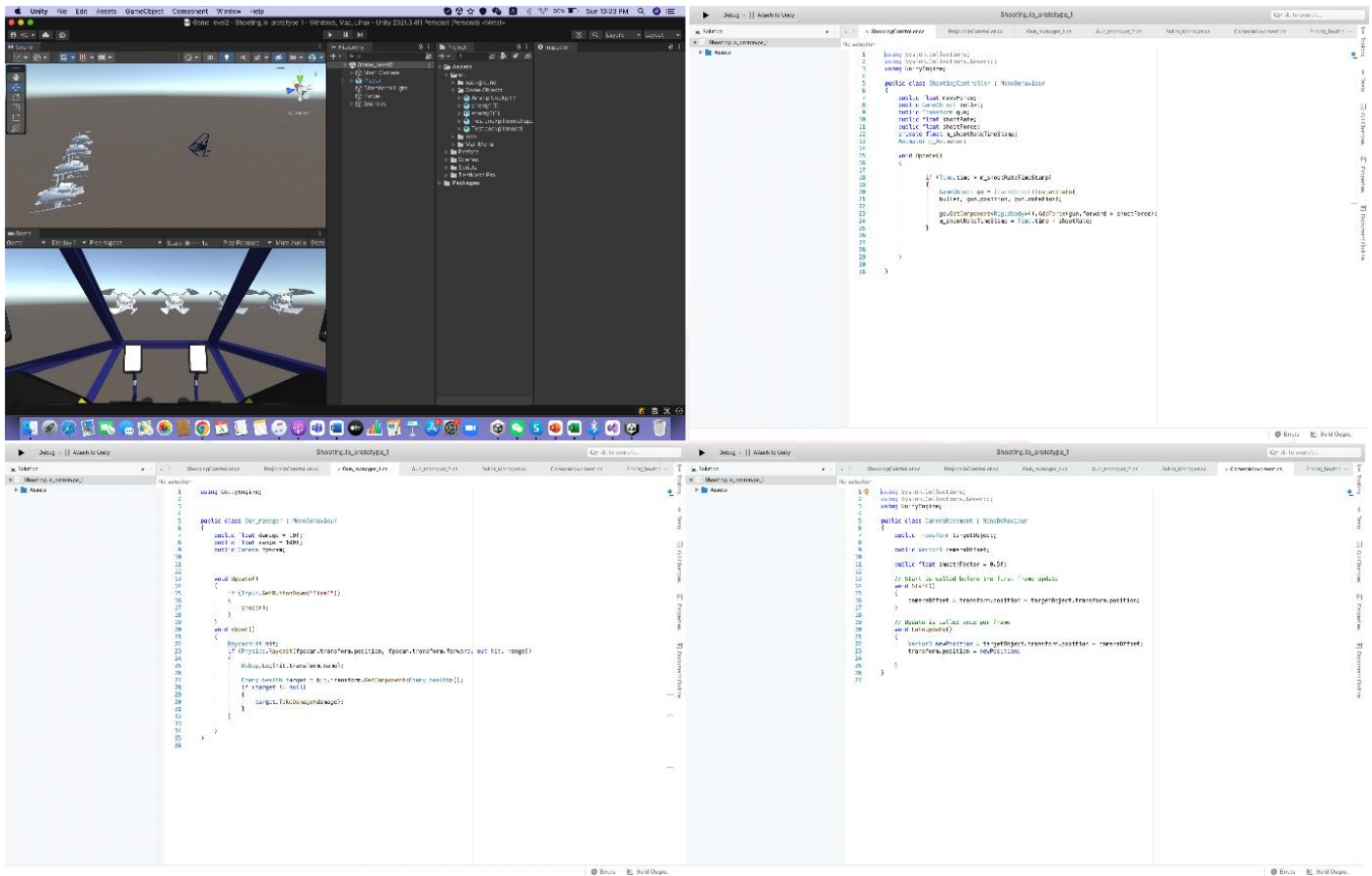
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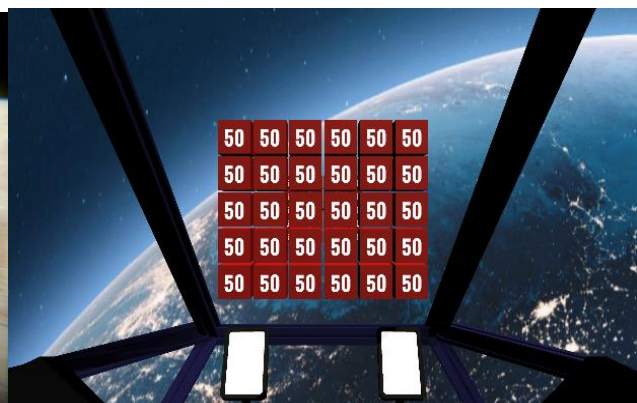
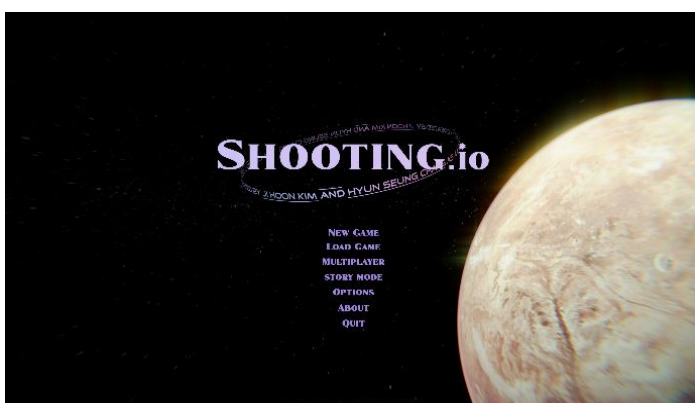
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Programming – Hyun Seung Chang



I developed the game using a software called Unity. The main programming language used was C#. I spent a few weeks learning about this language, then I developed this game. I had to write a script, which is similar to an instruction for an object to operate, then attach it to an object. This meant that I had to write separate code for different objects. Also, I had to think about the lighting and sounds, which really determines the quality of the game.

Final Product

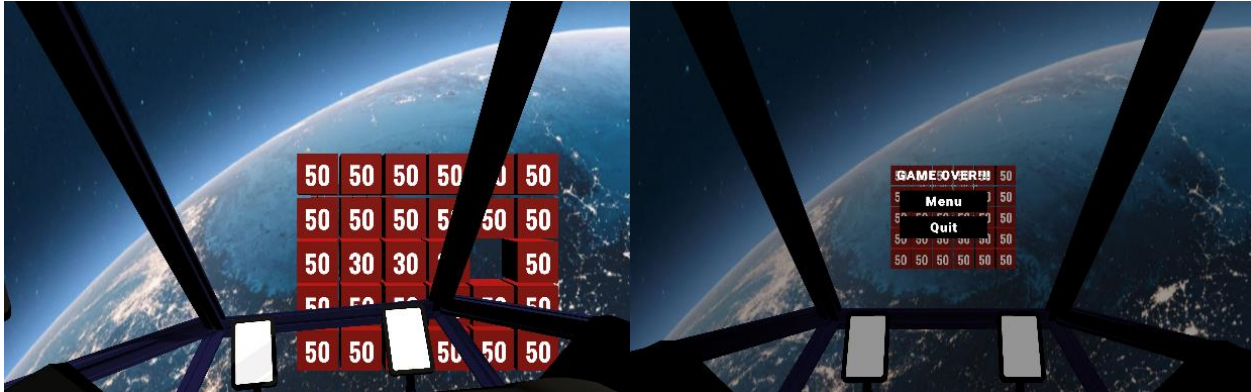


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From the moment we started building this game, we realized that this is a very difficult project where it needs a lot of work in every single aspect of this game. The only thing we could do is to invest more time into this project. As we started putting more time into it, we started to see a huge improvement in the progress. Every time we completed a certain part of the project, we felt more satisfaction, which gave more motivation to move forward. Also, as we had to follow the plan, we had to be very organized and be very committed to this work. We spent 2 hours every day for couple of months on this project, which shows our commitment and perseverance toward it. During this process, we learned a lot about the importance of sticking to the plan. If the plan is ignored, we tend to push the deadlines multiple times. We ended up pushing one of the deadlines for about 2 weeks, which delayed the whole process. In the future we will try to stick to the plan, so the project is not delayed. Nevertheless, the knowledge and working principles we gained from this project were incredibly valuable to us.



PFO Meeting
Please come and
join in!

Wednesday
24th May

8.15 - COFFEE AND SNACK

9.00 - WELCOME AND PFO UPDATE

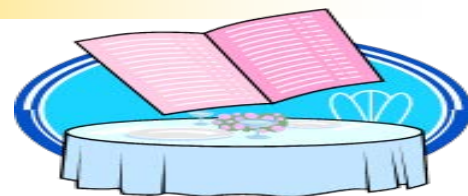
9.10 - DIRECTOR & PRINCIPAL INTRODUCTION

9.30 - UPCOMING EVENTS WITH PFO

COFFEE AND SNACK



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EAT LEARN LIVE MENU G2-G12					
	Monday 2023-05-22	Tuesday 2023-05-23	Wednesday 2023-05-24	Thursday 2023-05-25	Friday 2023-05-26
Salad/Fruit	Seasonal Fresh Salad Bar Fruit of the Day	Seasonal Fresh Salad Bar Fruit of the Day	Seasonal Fresh Salad Bar Fruit of the Day	Seasonal Fresh Salad Bar Fruit of the Day	Seasonal Fresh Salad Bar Fruit of the Day
Western From The Grill Station	Pizza Margherita 芝士比萨	Chicken Schnitzel 炸鸡排	Meat Loaf 牛肉面包	Chicken Fajita 墨西哥鸡肉	Beef Goulash 红烩牛肉
	Stir fry Vegetable 炒蔬菜 Roasted Potatoes 土豆角 Allergy: flour, cheese, tomato sauce	Stir fry Vegetable 炒蔬菜 Roasted Potatoes 烤土豆 Allergy: chicken, breadcrumb	Stir fry Vegetable 炒时蔬 Mashed Potatoes 土豆泥 Allergy: beef, herb	Stir fry Vegetable 炒时蔬 Roasted Potatoes 土豆角 Allergy: Cumin, cajun seasoning, pepper, sour cream, flour	Steamed Rice 米饭 Allergy: tomato sauce, beef
Asian From The Wok/Noodle Station	Doenjang Jjigae 大酱汤	Noodle with Beef Soup 牛肉面	Chicken Curry 咖喱鸡	Kimbab 韩式饭卷	Indonesia Fried Rice with Chicken 印尼炒米饭配鸡肉
	Steamed Rice 米饭 Allergy: wheat, egg	Boiled Vegetable 煮蔬菜 Allergy: beef, flour	Stir fry Vegetable 炒时蔬 Steamed Rice 米饭 Allergy: chicken, curry paste, coconut milk	Fried Rice Cake 辣炒年糕 Allergy: seaweed, sesame, kimchi	Stir fry Vegetable 炒时蔬 Shrimp Cracker 虾片 Allergy: samba sauce, onion, egg, ginger, shrimp cracker
Vegetarian		Noodles with Vegetable Soup 蔬菜面	Vegetable Curry 咖喱蔬菜	Kimbab 韩式饭卷	Friche Rice with Soya Sauce 酱油炒饭
Soup	Tomato and Egg Soup 西红柿鸡蛋汤	Pumpkin Soup 南瓜汤	Minestrone 通心粉汤	Tomato and Egg Soup 西红柿鸡蛋汤	Pumpkin Soup 南瓜汤
Dessert	Banana Bread 香蕉包	Cookies 饼干	Swiss Roll 瑞士卷	Apple Pie 苹果派	Fruit Tart 水果塔
Nutritional reading over the week 每周营养分析		Energy 热量 (Kcal) 731	Protein 蛋白质 (g) 26	Carbohydrate 碳水化合物 (g) 104	Fat 脂肪 (g) 23
Nutritional recommendation 营养建议		725	25	100	25

EAT LEARN LIVE MENU NURSERY-G1					
	Monday 2023-05-22	Tuesday 2023-05-23	Wednesday 2023-05-24	Thursday 2023-05-25	Friday 2023-05-26
Snack	Yoghurt Fruit Cut	Carrot Cake Fruit Cut	Mini Pizza Fruit Cut	Vegetable Pie Fruit Cut	Cheese Sandwich Fruit Cut
Set Meal	Stir Fry Noodles 炒面	Chicken Curry 咖喱鸡肉	Pork Rolls 猪肉卷	Baked Fusilli w/Meat patty 螺旋面配牛肉饼	Hamburger 牛肉汉堡
	Stir fry Vegetable 炒时蔬 Vegetable Sticks 蔬菜条 Allergy: flour, soya sauce, oyster sauce	Vegetable Sticks 蔬菜条 Steamed Rice 米饭 Allergy: coconut, curry paste	Sweet Corn and Vegetables 玉米粒炒蔬菜 Vegetable Sticks 蔬菜条 Allergy: flour, pork, soya sauce, green garlic	Stir Fry Zucchini and Corn 西葫芦玉米 Vegetable Sticks 蔬菜条 Allergy: Beef, onion, tomato sauce	Vegetable Sticks 蔬菜条 Roasted Potato 烤土豆 Allergy: pork, soya sauce
Fruit	Fruit of the Day	Fruit of the Day	Fruit of the Day	Fruit of the Day	Fruit of the Day
Drinks	Milk/Yoghurt/Yakult	Milk/Yoghurt/Yakult	Milk/Yoghurt/Yakult	Milk/Yoghurt/Yakult	Milk/Yoghurt/Yakult
Nutritional reading over the week 每周营养分析		Energy 热量 (Kcal) 730	Protein 蛋白质 (g) 26	Carbohydrate 碳水化合物 (g) 105	Fat 脂肪 (g) 24
Nutritional recommendation 营养建议		725	25	100	25

Morning snack offer available at 6 rmb, Snack are only available for daily set lunch consumers.

DIARY DATES

Monday~Friday - May 22~26, 2023
Secondary Exams (G9-11)

Wednesday - May 24, 2023
PFO Meeting
Staff Appreciation Day

Wednesday - May 31, 2023
Elementary Spring Show (Evening)

Wednesday~Tuesday - May 31~June 6, 2023
Middle Years University

Friday - June 2, 2023
Grade 12 Graduation Ceremony

Monday - June 5, 2023
Library Summer Books Check Out

Tuesday - June 6, 2023
Grade 5 Transition Ceremony

SPORTS DATES

May

WELCOME TO THE IST SPORTS AND CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES (CCA) PROGRAM FOR THE 2022-2023 SCHOOL YEAR

Please take note of the following dates:

Season 3 Sport Schedule

- ☺ Starts Monday, 6 Mar and ends Friday, 19 May
- ☺ The program will run for approximately 10 school weeks
- ☺ No CCAs during holidays and PTSCs (conferences)

Season three includes:

- ☺ HS Football -(Mondays and Fridays 15:30 – 17:00)
- ☺ MS Basketball- (Tuesdays and Thursdays 15:30 – 17:00)
- ☺ HS Badminton – (Mondays and Fridays 15:30 – 17:00)

Please do not hesitate to contact our department with any questions.

- ☺ Mr. Kennedy – Athletics Director (byron_kennedy@istianjin.org.cn)
- ☺ Mr. Silvis – Activities Director (ben_silvis@istianjin.org.cn)
- ☺ Ms. Guo Ying – Activities Officer (CCA's) - (ying_guo@istianjin.org.cn)
- ☺ Ms. Durian Wang – Activities Officer (Sports) – (durian_wang@istianjin.org.cn)
- ☺ Activity Office: telephone 022-28592003 / extension 8150.